



STRAWBERRY VARIETY NAMED 'EVANGELINE'
BOTANICAL CLASSIFICATION

Fragaria x ananassa

VARIETAL DENOMINATION

'Evangeline'

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention includes a new and distinct cultivar of *Fragaria x ananassa* known by the varietal name 'Evangeline', originally designated as 'K93-1'. The new variety resulted from a controlled cross in an ongoing breeding program between the strawberry plants 'K88-4' (unpatented) and 'NYUS119' (unpatented). 'K88-4' is an unpatented variety developed by the Atlantic Food and Horticulture Research Centre (a facility of Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada) in Kentville and 'NYUS119' is an unpatented variety developed by the New York State Agricultural Experiment Station in Geneva. 'Evangeline' was discovered in 1993 as a single plant seedling in a controlled breeding plot near Sheffield Mills, Nova Scotia at the Sheffield Farm, a field-station of the Atlantic Food and Horticulture Research Centre, where it was selected and propagated asexually by stolons at the Atlantic Food and Horticulture Research Centre in Kentville. Asexual propagules from this original source have been produced annually in a greenhouse at the Atlantic Food and Horticulture Research Centre, Kentville, Canada. 'Evangeline' has been tested at the Atlantic Food and Horticulture Research Centre (starting in 1994) and also, research centres at Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island, Buctouche, New Brunswick, Fredericton, New Brunswick, and Pynn's Brook, Newfoundland, all of Canada. This propagation and testing has demonstrated that the combination of traits disclosed herein which characterize the new variety are fixed and retained true to type through successive generations of asexual reproduction via stolons.

DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Fig. 1 shows plant parts of the new variety, typical in size, shape, and color;

Fig. 2 shows the flowers of the new variety; and

Fig. 3 shows primary fruit of the new variety.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PLANT

The following detailed botanical description of the new variety is based upon measurements and observations taken of plants and fruit grown in Kentville, Nova Scotia, Canada. Observations were taken from each variety as grown in a side-by-side field trial. Color designations, color descriptions, and other phenotypical descriptions may deviate from the stated values and description depending upon variation in the environment, seasonal, climatic and cultural conditions, however, it is believed that this description will apply to the 'Evangeline' plants grown in similar conditions of soil and climate elsewhere. Color references are made to the R.H.S. Colour Chart of the Royal Horticultural Society of London (1966 edition). Descriptive information on the new variety is presented in Tables 1, 2, and 3. In the tables, the flowers described are secondary flowers. The fruit described is the secondary fruit of the maiden crop, thirteen or fourteen months after planting. The harvest data in Table 4 is based on a complete harvest of the crop. The principal differences between 'Evangeline' and each of the variety 'Veestar' (unpatented) and 'Sable' (United States Plant Patent Application No. 09/935,478, now abandoned; United States Plant Patent Application Publication US 2003/0046739 P1; United States Plant Patent Application No. 10/747,871; United States Plant Patent Application Publication US 2004/0205869 P1) are set forth.

Classification: The new variety is botanically identified as *Fragaria x ananassa* and commercially classified as a short-day strawberry.

Plant and Foliage Characteristics: When propagated in the nursery, 'Evangeline' runners freely produce similar quantities of runner plants to 'Veestar' and 'Sable'. Individual plants of 'Evangeline' are medium to large. The plants of 'Evangeline' are of medium density with globose habit and strong vigor. As shown in Table 1, leaf color of 'Evangeline', 'Veestar' and 'Sable' are Green Group 137A on the upper surface and lighter Green Group 137C on the under surface. Leaflets of 'Evangeline' and the reference varieties are about the same size, shape and convexity, and leaves of all three varieties have three leaflets. The leaflet serrations of 'Evangeline' are similar in size and number to 'Veestar' but for 'Evangeline' they are more pointed and the tip serration is smaller than for 'Veestar'. The venation of 'Evangeline' leaflets is pinnate.

Petiole pubescence for 'Evangeline' tends to be oriented upwards whereas for 'Veestar' and 'Sable' pubescence is perpendicular.

TABLE 1

Foliar Characteristics for 'Evangeline', 'Veestar' and 'Sable'			
Cultivar			
Foliar Character	'Evangeline'	'Veestar'	'Sable'
Leaf color	Green Group	Green Group	Green Group
Upper surface	137A	137A	137A
Lower surface	137C	137C	137C
Central leaflet			
Length (mm)			
Mean	80.3	86.3	79.0
Range	60-93	62-110	70-93
Width (mm)			
Mean	65.7	68.0	63.9
Range	47-77	50-85	55-77
Length/width ratio	1.22	1.27	1.24
No. leaflets/leaf	3	3	3
Leaf convexity	cupped	cupped	cupped
Serrations			
Number	moderate	moderate	many
Size	medium	medium	small
Shape	semi-pointed	semi-round	semi-round
Tip serration size	small	medium	small
Leaf pubescence	medium	medium	medium
Petiole pubescence			
Density	sparse	sparse	sparse
Direction	upwards	perpendicular	perpendicular

Flower and Fruit Characteristics : The length of bloom for 'Evangeline' is about three weeks when grown in Kentville, Nova Scotia, Canada in a matted row cultural system. Flowering for 'Evangeline', 'Veestar', and 'Sable' typically begins on May 21 and ends on June 11. As shown in Table 2, the flower truss of 'Evangeline' is shorter than for 'Sable' and opens slightly lower in relation to the canopy. 'Evangeline' flower trusses produce fewer flowers than do the trusses of 'Veestar' and 'Sable'. Flowers of 'Evangeline' and the reference varieties are white. The anther color is Yellow-Orange Group 17A. Secondary flowers of 'Evangeline' usually have 5 petals, and 'Evangeline' flowers are larger than those of 'Veestar' and 'Sable'. Petals of 'Evangeline' are longer than wide in contrast to the petals of 'Veestar' and 'Sable' which are wider than long. Petals of 'Veestar' and 'Sable' tend to overlap while those

of 'Evangeline' are spaced. Trusses of 'Evangeline' are erect at first picking and continue to be erect while those of 'Veestar' and 'Sable' are semi-erect becoming prostrate as harvest progresses. 'Evangeline' has a larger calyx than does 'Veestar' and 'Sable'. The position of the calyx is raised for 'Evangeline', even with the top of the fruit for 'Veestar' and often in a basin for 'Sable'. The calyx is easily separated from the fruit for all three varieties. The fruit of 'Evangeline' are larger than for 'Veestar' but both are conic in shape while the fruit of 'Sable' are wider than long giving a cordate shape. The achenes of 'Evangeline' are more indented than for 'Veestar' and 'Sable' and 'Evangeline' fruit has firmer flesh. The fruit color of 'Evangeline' varies between the lighter Red Group 45A of 'Sable' to the darker Red Group 46A of 'Veestar'. The pith of 'Evangeline' is lighter than for 'Veestar' and 'Sable'. The achenes of 'Evangeline' are Green-Yellow Group 1A but darken to Orange-Red Group 34A on the side of the fruit when exposed to sunlight.

TABLE 2

Flower and Fruit Characteristics for 'Evangeline', 'Veestar', and 'Sable'.			
Cultivar			
Character	'Evangeline'	'Veestar'	'Sable'
Flower position (relative to leaf canopy)	even or slightly beneath	beneath	even
Flower truss length (cm)	short-medium 23.8	short-medium 22.6	medium-long 28.8 cm
Number of flowers/truss (average)	5.4	6.9	8.0
Number of petals	5.0	5.5	5.3
Flower size (mm diameter)	27.9	23.6	25.2
Flower color	White	White	White
Petal length (mm)	11.6	9.2	9.6
Petal width (mm)	10.4	10.3	11.4
Petal spacing	spaced	slightly overlapping	slightly overlapping
Calyx size			
Inner calyx (mm diam.)	27.7	21.2	24.6
Outer calyx (mm diam.)	28.1	19.7	24.2
Calyx position	raised	even	even to in a basin
Adherence of the calyx	weak	weak	weak
Fruit size and shape			
Length (mm)	30.3	27.5	25.1
Width (mm)	29.1	25.5	32.0
Length/width ratio	1.04	1.08	0.78
Subjective fruit shape	conic to long-conic	conic to short-conic	cordate
Achene position	indent	even	slight indent
Fruit firmness	firm	soft	medium
Fruit firmness (Newtons)	3.4	2.8	3.0
Skin toughness (grams)	10.3	8.4	11.6
Color (R.H.S. Colour Chart)			
Calyx	Green Group 137C	Green Group 137C	Green Group 137C
Fruit exterior	Red Group 45A to 46A	Red Group near 46A	Red Group 45A
Fruit interior			
Pith	Red Group 41A	Red Group near 46B	Red Group 42B
Cortex	Red Group 45B	Red Group near 46B	Red Group 42A

Disease Resistance: 'Evangeline' and 'Veestar' have a similar pattern of resistance to red stele root rot (*Phytophthora fragariae*) and they show much less resistance than 'Sable' which is resistant to the prevalent A-6 race, as shown in Table 3. 'Evangeline' is resistant to powdery mildew (*Sphaerotheca macularis*) while 'Veestar' is

moderately resistant and 'Sable' is susceptible. 'Evangeline' and 'Veestar' are less affected by fruit rot (*Botrytis cinerea*) than 'Sable'.

TABLE 3

Resistance of 'Evangeline', 'Veestar', and 'Sable' to races of <i>Phytophthora fragariae</i> (red stele root rot)				
Cultivar				
Canadian race	American race	'Evangeline'	'Veestar'	'Sable'
C-1		S	S	I
C-2	A-6	S	S	R
C-3	A-4	R	R	R
C-4	A-3	I	S	R
C-5	A-5	S	S	S
C-6	A-7	R	R	S
C-7		S	S	S
C-8		S	S	S
S = Susceptible; I = Intermediate; R = Resistant				

Production Characteristics: 'Evangeline' has been widely tested for several years. 'Evangeline' has produced moderate yields, generally similar to 'Veestar' but below 'Sable', as shown in Table 4. The percent marketability of 'Evangeline' is generally above the marketability of 'Veestar' and 'Sable'. The fruit of 'Evangeline' are much larger (by weight) than 'Veestar' but similar to 'Sable'. The mean harvest date for 'Evangeline' is about the same as 'Veestar' or about one day later. Subjectively, the flavor of the fruit of 'Evangeline' is rated good to very good when fully ripe.

TABLE 4

Performance of 'Evangeline' and 'Veestar' or 'Sable' for 1997, 1998 and 2000 averaged over several sites.*				
	Total Yield (t/ha)	% Yield Marketable	Size (g/fruit)	Mean Harvest (day of year)
1997 (five sites)				
'Evangeline'	4.2	91.7	10.1	197.6
'Veestar'	6.4	82.6	8.3	196.8
'Sable'	7.4	87.7	10.7	197.7
1998 (four sites)				
'Evangeline'	5.06	80.1	9.2	186.0
'Veestar'	6.38	71.6	9.4	185.4
'Sable'	7.52	72.8	9.7	185.5
1998 (one site)				
'Evangeline'	11.61	96.8	13.2	179.2
'Veestar'	12.04	92.4	8.0	178.3
'Sable'	19.74	87.1	11.7	180.3
2000 (three sites)				
'Evangeline'	6.0	93.1	9.7	192.4
'Sable'	11.5	87.1	9.6	191.7

* Kentville NS, Charlottetown PEI, Fredericton NB, Buctouche NB, and Pynn's Brook Nfld. Plants were grown in matted rows and three blocks of 3m long rows were harvested at each site.